

# THE TELANGANA IRRIGATION ACT, 1357 FASLI

## Background

The Telangana Irrigation Act, 1357 Fasli forms part of the statutory and administrative framework governing land administration, irrigation systems, and public governance in Andhra Pradesh and Telangana.

## Purpose

This legislation establishes legal mechanisms for administration, regulation, and governance relating to land management, irrigation systems, or public administration depending on the subject matter of the Act.

## Key Provisions

- Establishes regulatory authority for government departments and administrative officers.
- Provides procedures for enforcement and governance of public resources.
- Defines legal powers and responsibilities of administrative authorities.
- Provides mechanisms for regulation, taxation, or management of land and irrigation resources.

## Administrative Importance

These statutes play a critical role in shaping governance systems related to land administration, irrigation development, rural infrastructure, and regulatory oversight.

## Modern Relevance

Many of these Acts continue to influence policy frameworks, administrative procedures, and legal interpretation within revenue and irrigation departments.

## Additional Notes

These Acts are frequently referenced in administrative practice, land governance research, and legal interpretation relating to revenue administration, irrigation policy, and public administration in Andhra Pradesh and Telangana.